



ALEXANDRIA, VA.
MONDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 2.

THE ONLY safety of a State depends upon the strict observance of the laws thereof, for even bad laws are infinitely better than none at all, and if one be broken with impunity, it won't be long before the whole code be treated in the same way, and the dangers and miseries of anarchy be substituted for the security and pleasures of an orderly and law-abiding community. One of the few wise utterances of Gen. Grant was to the effect that the strict enforcement of a bad law is the best and quickest means of effecting its repeal. The laws of Tennessee have been shamefully and violently outraged, and the Governor of that State will do himself no credit, and his State much harm, if he shall not exert the full powers of that State to bring the guilty parties to speedy justice, and to inflict upon them the full penalty of their offense. Such outrages as the forcible release of the Tennessee convicts, and the lynching of the Italians in New Orleans, give too plausible ground for northern republicans' strictures upon the people of the South, and do this whole section incalculable injury.

THE TOTALLY unnecessary trouble and expense to which Mr. Egan, a recently naturalized citizen, and a prominent member of the Clan-na-Gael, as U. S. Minister to Chili, has put this country, adds another to the many previous convincing instances that demonstrate not only the entire uselessness of the diplomatic service, but the absolute and positive danger of a foreign war to which the United States are constantly subjected by the expensive so-called diplomatic corps. If the people are to be longer taxed in order that political spell binders and party workers may be appointed to lucrative positions as foreign ministers, the latter should be instructed to say and do nothing except by express direction of the State Department; in other words, to be simply well-behaved messengers. The cases of Minister and Egan are of themselves alone sufficient to induce Congress to abolish the diplomatic corps, and provide for transacting the business between this and foreign governments by means of telegraph wires running into the State departments of each, and without any useless and dangerous intermediate diaries.

NOT ONLY every democrat, but every other white man who lives in Virginia, and has any interest in the welfare of the State, should go to the polls to-morrow and cast a ballot for the regular democratic ticket, in order to give that ticket a large majority, and thereby emphasize the State's opposition to the iniquitous Force bill, and to a tariff bill that was devised for the sole purpose of benefiting certain rich mine and factory owners in the North that they may afford to supply the money by which the next Presidency can be bought, as the present one was. In view of the danger referred to, and of the effort that will be made to relieve the people of at least some of the burdens of taxation by which they are now oppressed, independentism looks so much like demagogism and an overweening desire to profit one's self at the expense of everybody else, that ordinary persons can't distinguish one from the other.

THE REPUBLICAN administration at Washington has interfered to postpone the investigation of the national bank robberies in Philadelphia until after the election, and the republican Senate of Pennsylvania has refused to investigate the republican officials charged with robbing that State until the same time. Republicans, State and national alike, do nothing that will at all militate against the attainment of their political objects.

OVER CONFIDENCE in the result of to-morrow's election should induce no democrat to refrain from doing every thing to secure success that he would have done had the canvass been of the most heated character, and if the danger of defeat stared him in the face. Elections are very uncertain, and vigilance is the only security against danger.

SOME sailors from an American man-of-war went ashore at Valparaiso, and, as not by any means unusual, created a disturbance in a house of ill repute, in which two of them were killed, and other wounds inflicted. The police of that city. For this President Harrison, at a cabinet meeting, said, with evident excitement, he would resign his office unless reparation were demanded. A repetition of the heroism displayed by this great government in the bombardment of Greytown, is not desired, likened as that was, to the great achievement recorded in the following lines:

Father and mother and I
And ten 100 stout soldiers more,
Beat an old woman stone-blind
That couldn't see much before.

FROM WASHINGTON.
[Special Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]
WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 2, 1891.

The following changes in the 4th class postoffices of Virginia were made to-day: Charlesville, Greensville Co., T. S. Weaver, appointed postmaster, vice T. T. Gaskins, resigned; Marionville, Northampton Co., N. P. Bell, vice J. E. Fowler, resigned.

Hardly anything is talked about here to-day but the elections to be held to-morrow. The democrats seem to be entirely confident of success, and all the betting is in their favor. A private telegram, received this morning from Governor Campbell's secretary, says the Governor's plurality will be 15,000.

It is said to-day that the races will be kept up until the 15th, and possibly longer, as there is a demand for horse races, and that demand can be better supplied here than in the North. Seventh day fall meeting of Washington Jockey Club; weather clear, but cold, attendance small. First races 5 furlongs, Waterson won, \$25.20. Race 3; time 1:02. Second race, 1 mile, Pritcher 1, Corbourn 2, Ballyho 3; time 1:43.

Ex-Congressman Barnes of Georgia, who is now here, says he looks upon Senator Gorman as the democratic John, under whom the democrats will be relieved of all their anxiety and trouble, and the whole country be put in better condition.

A private letter received here says Col. Mosby will leave Sta. Francisco to-morrow and come to this city via Richmond.

Louisa county, Va., people here to-day say the democrats of that county will soon agree among themselves upon one man to present to the Congressional convention to meet in Alexandria on the 24th inst., and will stand by him as long as there is a chance of his nomination, and that the preliminary steps for the agreement will probably be taken this week.

There is nothing new in reference to the Chilian affair to-day, the impression now being that it will amount to nothing, as the GAZETTE has said from the first. The Chilian Minister and Secretaries Bialao and Tracy had a conference this morning.

The only Justice absent from the U. S. Supreme Court when that body met to-day was Mr. Bradley, who is still sick.

The decrease in the customs revenues at New York during the past six months, according to a report of the Treasury Department to-day, was nearly twenty-nine million dollars.

Mr. John Lyon, of Virginia, but now practicing law in this city, in reference to a statement to the effect that the administration had delayed the prosecution of the members of the Old Dominion League, of this city, who have been indicted for violating the civil service law, says: "Mr. Newton, the president of the Old Dominion League, has filed a general demurrer to the indictment against him, thereby admitting the truth of every fact alleged and insisting that his conduct was not unlawful. The questions of law raised by the demurrer were ordered to the general term of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia to be heard there in the first instance. The case of the United States vs. Newton, stands No. 165, on the calendar of the general term, and to-day, at the instance of the District Attorney and by consent of the defendant, by A. K. Browne, esq., his counsel, the demurrer was set down for argument on Monday the 9th day of November inst. If the demurrer be sustained, and the civil service law be adjudged insufficient, then Congress will have opportunity this winter for additional legislation to meet the exigencies of the Presidential campaign in 1892. If the court shall decide that the law is sufficient to condemn and punish the conduct of the defendant, then other prosecutions will be in order."

Political.
Chairman Quincy, of the Massachusetts democratic State committee, said Saturday: "All our information leads us to believe that Governor Russell will be re-elected by a handsome majority."

A letter from Mr. Cleveland was read at a great democratic gathering in Buffalo, New York, on Saturday night. He said he did not fear disappointment in his expectations regarding the result of the election of the democracy of Erie county. Mr. Cleveland was the leading speaker at a great meeting held under the auspices of the Young Men's Democratic Club of Massachusetts, in Boston, Saturday night. He received a great ovation, and after the meeting was entertained at dinner.

SHOT THROUGH A WINDOW.—It would be difficult to conceive of a more atrocious deed than the one perpetrated at the residence of J. M. Williamson, Mayor of Hattiesburg, Miss., early Saturday morning, and which resulted in the speedy death of Mrs. Williamson. About midnight, Mrs. Williamson was awakened by some noise in her room, and quickly arousing a young lady who was sleeping with her, sprang out of bed, and rushed to the crib in which her baby was sleeping.

Just as she reached the baby she received a pistol shot which entered just beneath the collarbone near her left shoulder. The pistol was so near her body that her garments were burned. She sank to the floor, and a man was seen by her companion to escape through a window, which he had raised from the outside and propped up with a stick, climbing upon a wheelbarrow to enter. Mrs. Williamson lived till one o'clock Sunday morning and expired. To make the matter worse Mayor Williamson is absent. The man was not recognized in the darkness. Even his color is not known. Much excitement prevails, and the authorities have offered \$1,000 for the apprehension of the murderer.

Foreign News.
LONDON, Nov. 2.—England has already been visited by sharp frosts and a dispatch from Hamburg announces that there has been a heavy snow-fall with the thermometer 7 degrees below the freezing point. Advice from Greece state that there have been heavy snow falls in the mountain districts, which is unprecedented at this period of the year.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 2.—The ravages of cholera in Damascus show an alarming increase. The record for the week past shows 180 cases and 90 deaths. Hadjda is in nearly as bad a situation as Damascus, but at Aleppo the plague has subsided.

DUBLIN, Nov. 2.—It is feared that Mrs. Parnell, the widow of Charles Stewart Parnell, may not survive the prostration and sickness caused by the shock she experienced at her husband's death.

BERLIN, Nov. 2.—The printers who struck recently have mostly been replaced by non-union men.

PARIS, Nov. 2.—Fuller details received here in regard to the telegram received at the Russian Embassy here announcing that a ukase was to be issued to-day prohibiting the export of all cereals excepting wheat, show that the order referred to will also prohibit the exportation of potatoes and all products from the prohibited cereals.

Dr. S. C. Parsons, of Savannah, Ga., in speaking of Stonebraker's Liniment says: I consider it the best in use. So does every one else who has tried it. Price, 25 cts.

FOREIGN NEWS.

By request of the Russian government the French authorities will not permit Russian refugees to remain in France.

The vote of the French Senate placing the duty on American pork at 25 francs per 200 pounds practically removes the prohibition.

Over 300,000 German colonists are starving in the famine-stricken districts of the Volga.

The residence of the Prince of Wales, Sandringham Hall, was damaged by fire yesterday morning to the extent of \$15,000. The prince and family were absent at the time.

The engineers of the War Side, Durham, England, have struck for more pay for overtime work, and the strike will result in the enforced idleness of 30,000 men.

Mr. Mercher's Ensign organ, the Quebec Telegraph says, that the question of political union with the United States will be an important issue in many of the coming bye-elections in the province of Quebec.

United States Minister Phipps gave a dinner in Berlin Saturday to a number of the leading men of Germany, at which American bacon and corn bread were among the special dishes.

Capt. Charles Armstrong, late of the British army, has instituted in London suit for divorce from his wife, Mademoiselle Melba, the celebrated opera singer, naming as co-respondent the young Duke of Orleans, the son of the Comte de Paris.

Both the German and French authorities will adopt severe measures for the suppression of immorality in Berlin and Paris. It is estimated that there are 50,000 "improper female characters" in Berlin and as many male retainers of vice who Emperor William intends driving from the country.

State Politics.

The republicans have straightened themselves in about two-score counties in the State. They are paying no attention to the "no candidate" circular of General Mahone. Indeed, it is sharp devil, it is now said, was never intended to influence them. It was gotten up merely to beguile democrats and it has not been without effect.

The Richmond correspondent of the Petersburg Appeal says: "After the election it will be a difficult matter to determine how the legislature stands until the two houses assemble. Not until the night before the bodies convene will it be settled where the doubtful members will caucus. Speaker Caldwell has no opposition in Haverhill and he will get all the votes cast. Of course he expects to be made the presiding officer but it is believed that he can be re-elected only in the event the straight out democrats have a majority in the House. The alliance democrats, if they have the power, will likely defeat him. Mr. Ryan, of Loudoun, is expected to oppose Mr. Caldwell. Of the members of the House who are on the debt commission Mr. Caldwell will be the only one who will be re-elected. Hon. W. D. Dabney, of Albemarle, declined a renomination, and Captain R. H. Tyler, of Prince William, was defeated for the nomination. Not a single member of the special committee from the House on criminal expenses will be re-elected to that body. Messrs. Hay and Downing declined to be candidates again and Mr. Flood is running for the Senate in the Appomattox district. These gentlemen spent a good deal of time during vacation in preparing bills, but they cannot have the privilege of urging their passage in the House."

NEWS OF THE DAY.

H. A. P. Carter, Hawaiian minister to the United States died in New York yesterday morning.

A sunken schooner is reported near Smith's Point, in the Chesapeake. The light-house keeper there saw her go down on October 22 and says all on board were drowned.

The first payment of sugar bounty under the tariff act was made in the form of a treasury draft for \$139,26, drawn in favor of J. W. Dugberry & Co., of New Orleans, and representing bounty on 65,963 pounds of cane sugar.

Three persons were fatally hurt and six or more were injured by an electric car getting beyond the control of the motor man and dashing into a train of freight cars at Montgomery, Pa., yesterday.

A man answering the description of William Miller, who assaulted and killed Minnie Rauhauer in New York Friday night, committed suicide on the Palisades, near Haverhill, yesterday.

At the Baltimore Cathedral yesterday Rev. Dr. P. L. Caspelle, of Washington, was consecrated by Cardinal Gibbons as coadjutor bishop of Santa Fe, in the presence of distinguished prelates.

A Washington dispatch says that Mr. Stephen B. Ekins was tendered the position of Secretary of War by President Harrison and had accepted, but that within the past forty-eight hours circumstances have arisen which have resulted in a declination by Mr. Ekins.

Beverly, Mass., was visited yesterday by the most disastrous fire which ever occurred in the town, and the total loss will reach nearly \$200,000. The principal buildings burned were those of Woodbury Bros., George H. Allen, Roundy House, Salem Savings Bank and the Boston and Maine car sheds and freight house. The fire is supposed to have been incendiary.

THE MINING TROUBLES.—The failure of the Tennessee Legislature to adjust the differences between the miners and the convicts recently put to work in the mines of that State under the convict lease system, as stated on Sunday, culminated Friday night in the release by the miners of over three hundred convicts at Bristolville and Coal Creek. There was no bloodshed. The convicts mostly fled to the mountains of Kentucky. The miners resumed work Saturday. Governor Buchanan was notified and held consultations with various State officials. The Governor is very positive and determined to bring the lawbreakers to justice and effectually put down such lawlessness. The militia are awaiting orders from the Governor, but the officers do not think they will be called out, as the damage has been done, and there is no need for their presence at Bristolville.

A rumor is current in Chattanooga to the effect that a secret understanding exists between the miners throughout the State to liberate all convicts working in the mines.

I am one of the oldest horse shoers in the town, and I have used your Salvation Oil for cracked heels, mange, and sand cracks with horses, it gives perfect satisfaction.

CHAS. W. LEE.
414 W. Baltimore street, Balt., Md.
A Methodist preacher hinted that it would be nice to go to Europe, as his throat trouble was getting worse, but the good deacons sent for a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, and consequently now enjoy a good sermon.

Pain in chest, short breath, pain fluttering, smothering, dropsy, asthma, cured by Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, sold at druggists. Free treatise by mail. MILLS MED. CO., Elkhart, Ind.

The Chilian Affair.

Secretary Tracy yesterday evening received the following dispatch from Captain Sibley, dated Saturday:

"Party O'Bar Johnson, in whose arms Regin was killed, declares that the act was done by the police guard. Apprentices Williams reports that he was arrested by a mounted policeman, who placed eight nippers around his wrists and started his horse into a gallop, throwing him down. After that the policeman walked his horse. Coal-heaver McWilliams was arrested and taken to prison with eight nippers around his wrists and a lead around his neck. He was bitten in the arm after arrest. Coal-heaver Quigley, while trying to effect escape from the mob, was struck with a sword by a police officer. Apprentices Talbot was arrested, caught nippers were placed around his wrists, and on the way to prison he was struck repeatedly by the police."

"Party O'Bar Hamilton, who was dangerously wounded and unconscious, was dragged to prison. One of my people trying to make him comfortable was threatened with the butt of a musket and made to desist. My men in prison were examined secretly, although I sent an officer to the court to request authority to allow his presence. The request was denied, on account of the proceedings being secret. Before discharge my men were required to sign a paper, but before doing it Rinehart asked the court official the meaning of the paper. He was informed that it was a mere form, stating that the signer was not engaged in the trouble. Two are dead, three are dangerously wounded, and about fifteen are slightly injured. Surgeons believe the wounded are out of danger."

Senor Don Pedro Montt, the Chilian minister to Washington, states upon the information in his possession, that the reports published recently of his sending the Chilian people and the American domiciled among them an organizational and without foundation. He says that the Americans in Chili are generally old residents, extremely popular among the Chilians and are always cordially treated and respected. He holds that the Baltimore incident has been unduly magnified, and sees no reason to doubt that a settlement of the question at issue between the governments of Chili and the United States will be reached in a manner honorable to both sides.

Brother and Sister Marry.

Among the immigrants landed at the large office in New York on Saturday from the Hamburg-American Packet Company's steamer Fuerst Bismarck, which reached that port yesterday, was a German family named Muller. There was the mother, her son John, twenty-two years old, and daughter Marguerite, aged twenty-two, besides a son-in-law and his two children. The daughter was seen to be an interesting condition, and evidently quite near to the culmination of her trouble. When questioned by the bureau officials, she indicated that her brother John was the responsible person. At this time the attaches of the bureau office had no knowledge of the relationship existing between the pair, and they were held, the remainder of the family being permitted to go ashore.

Marguerite was told that, unless she and her brother were married, they would both be sent back to their German home. She responded at once that she was quite willing to take him for her husband, and he, in turn, expressed great willingness to make Marguerite his wife. So an official escorted them to Pastor Kyle's residence and they were made husband and wife. After the ceremony it was found that the mother had their railroad ticket for Egle, Ill., and search was made for her. She was found at the emigrant mission-house and told that her daughter was married, and at liberty to accompany her on her journey. The mother expressed much astonishment, and demanded to know whom her daughter had married. On being told she threw up her hands and shrieked in accents of horror: "Why, then, this is my brother and sister!" The scene that followed defied description. Upbraidings and recriminations by mother and daughter followed, while the son, brother and husband John, who had entered the room, looked on in stolid indifference. The girl persisted that John was the father of her unborn child, while the mother protested that the soldier stationed in Mienlenberg, Germany, was the author of all the trouble. The brother would make no statement, neither admitting nor denying the charge. The mother succeeded in exciting belief in her story of the German soldier, and the conclusion was reached that the girl had implicated the brother in order to secure his release from the Barge Office. Brother and sister were remanded to the detention room, pending further investigation.

The Richmond Terminal.

The Richmond Terminal meeting will be held in Richmond December 12, at which there is no doubt that important changes will be made in the management of the company. The floating debt of the company has been cleared up. Its plan for relief of its finances was stated on Saturday to be as follows:

The floating debt of the Richmond and Danville and Georgia Central, which is about \$10,000,000, is to be cured for by a syndicate managed by H. W. Smathers, of London, associated with Speyer & Co. and Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and others. President Iman is to retire from leadership and former President Eckstein Norton will go to the front, a loan of \$4,000,000 to Georgia Central has been negotiated, and the road will pay 6 per cent. interest for a year and 5 per cent. commission. It is owned by \$7,000,000. Savannah and Western Ave. The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia will remain independent, President Thomas having taken up the road's floating debt of over \$1,000,000.

A dispatch from New York says: "The facts concerning the Richmond Terminal are said to be that Mr. Iman will not go out of the board, as he and his intimate friends hold about \$10,000,000 of the securities of the company. There will be several changes in the board. The system will obtain all the money it requires. A first-class railroad man will go into the board, but exactly what his position will be is undecided."

The company has arranged with Speyer & Co. for a loan for one year of \$3,000,000 at 6 per cent. paying 2 1/2 per cent. commission, and has obtained and has arranged for a renewal of a loan of \$7,000,000 with the Mutual Life Insurance Company without commission. President Iman has also arranged for a loan of \$1,000,000 to the Richmond and Danville Company for one year at 6 per cent. practically clearing up the floating debt of the entire system.

There has been continued talk about the East Tennessee dividend on the first preferred stock. John H. Iman said to-day: "I have seen the figures and will vote for a dividend on the first preferred stock." It is thought that an effort will be made to have a dividend of 2 per cent. declared. The dividend last year was 5 per cent.

Flattering testimonials of Salvation Oil continue to crowd in on the proprietors. One sufferer dilates as follows: "I suffered intense pain from neuralgia headache. A few rubbings of Salvation Oil banished it. No better pain expeller."

"Tune up your voice!" and stop coughing by taking Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Price 25 cents.



ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

The Maybrick Case

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The court of appeals in the Maybrick case was commenced to-day. Sir Chas. Russell, Q. C. who was attorney general under Mr. Gladstone's last administration, in opening his argument, said that the case raised a most important question. The plaintiff, for whom he appeared, was the executor of the late Mr. Maybrick, who had effected an insurance of \$10,000 with the defendant, an insurance company, in favor of his wife, now confined in jail. The defendant, counsel said, had paid on account \$10,000 of the amount claimed, but they refused to pay the remainder. In support of this refusal, he said, the defendants submitted that the conviction of Mrs. Maybrick was not conclusive. Continuing, Sir Chas. Russell said that, on the contrary, the plaintiff submitted that the fact that the sentence was commuted was not evidence of innocence. The real question, he claimed, was whether Mr. Maybrick, having effected a policy in favor of his wife, and whether, assuming that he died at her hands, this was an answer to the executor's claim.

The Mining Troubles in Tennessee.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 2.—At 1 o'clock this morning two hundred mounted men came in from the mountains and liberated the two hundred convicts worked in the mines at Olive Springs. So quietly was it done that the people in the town knew nothing about what had happened until six o'clock this morning, when they discovered that the stockade of the lessees was a mass of smoking ruins. All of the short term prisoners were furnished with citizens' clothing and, with the exception of the few who were recaptured, all are now at large. This makes more than five hundred penitentiary convicts turned loose in that locality since Friday evening. The Governor of the State was here yesterday, but left this morning for Nashville.

Railroad Accident.

DANVILLE, Va., Nov. 2.—At 5:45 this morning an outgoing freight train on the Richmond and Danville Railroad collided with a shifting engine. The collision occurred on the iron bridge across the Dan river and one span of the bridge was knocked off the abutment, carrying with it the engine and four cars, all of which fell, a wrecked mass into the river below, a distance of 40 feet.

The water was shallow, however, and the engine was not entirely submerged. J. P. Winkate, engineer; J. E. Royall, conductor; O. C. McKinnis, fireman; and Will Quisenberry, brakeman, all went down in the wreck. Winkate had his right arm broken and was cut about the head; Royall's right arm and left leg were broken; McKinnis was cut about the body and injured internally; Quisenberry had both legs broken.

Forest Fires.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 2.—One of the most disastrous forest fires ever known in this country has been raging for the past three days. Thousands of dollars worth of valuable property has been destroyed, and unless there is a rain within a few days the losses will reach an enormous figure.

SAPULPA, Ind. Terry, Nov. 2.—The late drought was broken by a rain beginning at midnight last night. Most of the large prairie fires have been extinguished by the down-pour.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 2.—Forest fire about a mile west of Vernon has been burning since Thursday morning, destroying logging and timber lands. There has been no rain in several months.

Snow in the Northwest.

WARREN, Minn., Nov. 2.—After some rain an inch of snow fell here. There are thousands of acres of grain in shock yet, and these are now covered with ice and snow.

NORTHFIELD, Minn., Nov. 2.—The weather yesterday took still another change for the colder, the thermometer falling to very near zero.

CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., Nov. 2.—The first snow of the season began falling about noon yesterday and still continues.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Governor Buchanan, of Tennessee, has offered a reward of \$5,000 for the arrest and conviction of the Bristolville miners who released the convicts.

A closing meeting in Cincinnati will be held to-night by the democrats and will be addressed by Gov. Campbell and by Senator John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky.

The Maverick National Bank, one of the largest financial institutions in Boston, closed its doors to-day and is in great trouble. "Nerry" Evans' suicide it is said caused the bank's collapse. The liabilities are \$8,000,000 and the cash on hand \$1,400,000. The losses of the bank are estimated at upwards of \$2,000,000 which wipes out the reported surplus and undivided profits of \$1,000,000, the capital of \$400,000 and all of the hundred per cent. assessment that the shareholders may be called upon to contribute.

Owing to the fact that the employees of two firms of bootmakers are striking, all the London bootmakers have agreed to declare a lockout. As a result 5,000 bootmakers were locked out to-day, and 20,000 will ultimately be treated in the same manner.

Ten thousand pounds of tobacco worth \$10,000 were burned in Lorillard's factory in New York to-day, and the building was damaged to the extent of \$25,000.

Alice Nelson shot and instantly killed her husband at Leadville, Col., this morning. She was jealous of his attentions to another woman and during a quarrel fired the fatal shot.

Australian advices state that three missionaries and several traders in German Guinea have been murdered by natives.

The postoffice at Clayton, N. Y., was burglarized last night and the safe blown open and about \$700 in cash and stamps stolen.

Frank Elvins, the Australian pugilist was fined \$1.25 this morning for being drunk and disorderly yesterday morning in the Haymarket and London. At New Portland, Me., last night 17 houses were burned and 30 families rendered homeless.

Admitted to the Fold.

St. John's Congregational (colored) Church organized and received into regular standing. St. John's Congregational Church is the name of a new church organized in this city September 11, 1891, at worship in north Pitt street and is composed of 21 members, Sunday school of 45 scholars, and is pastored by Rev. Robert R. Robinson, who has entered the Theological Department of Howard University for a full course of study. A Friday afternoon and night October 30, was set apart to recognize the mission and welcome the church into the Congregational fold. Present to appointment to the following ministers met that afternoon between 8 and 9 o'clock at 201 Madison street. The Church was opened with prayer by Rev. Dr. S. M. Newman, who was chosen Moderator, and Rev. S. N. Brown, Scribe. The following ministers and delegates were present: Rev. S. M. Newman, D. D., First Congregational Church of Washington; and Deacon Wm. Lamblin, Rev. S. N. Brown, Plymouth; Rev. J. Jones, Tabernacle; Rev. C. H. Smith, Mount Pleasant; Rev. B. N. Reynolds, 5th Church; and Deacon Loring Chapel, Delegate H. P. Bradley, of 1st Church Baltimore, Md.; Rev. Edward Ellis, Falls Church, Va.; Rev. J. E. Rankin, D. D., LLD, D. D., Dean of Howard University; Rev. J. L. Emmit, D. D., Dean of Theological Department, Rev. C. G. Gordon, of Virginia, and others. The Council voted the church into full connection and took recess until 7:30 o'clock when they met at the church where the following exercises took place. Meeting opened by Rev. S. M. Newman, D. D., Dean of Howard University; Rev. J. L. Emmit, D. D., Dean of Theological Department; Rev. C. G. Gordon, of Virginia, and others. The Council voted the church into full connection and took recess until 7:30 o'clock when they met at the church where the following exercises took place. Meeting opened by Rev. S. M. Newman, D. D., Dean of Howard University; Rev. J. L. Emmit, D. D., Dean of Theological Department; Rev. C. G. Gordon, of Virginia, and others. 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